

**ATTACHMENT “L”**  
**CALIFORNIA PREVAILING WAGE**  
(Requires Certified Payroll from Governmental Entity)

1. The attached provisions of California Labor Code Sections 1771, 1775, 1776, 1777.5, 1813, and 1815 are incorporated into this subcontract and the subcontractor agrees to comply with all of the above-referenced provisions applicable to the performance of its work on this project. Specifically, the subcontractor agrees to:
  - a. Pay all workers not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for work of similar character in the locality in which the public work is performed.
  - b. Pay all workers not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for holiday and overtime work fixed as provided in this chapter.
  - c. Adhere to the compliance measures outlined in LC 1775(b) for any second tier subcontractor that the subcontractor chooses to use on this project.
  - d. Submit certified payroll records to the contractor on a weekly basis. Records shall be provided no later than 5 days following the last day of each workweek.
  - e. Comply with the applicable requirements and joint apprenticeship standards as required by LC 1777.5.
2. The subcontractor, prior to receiving final payment for work performed on this project, shall sign an affidavit under penalty of perjury that the subcontractor has paid the specified general prevailing rate of per diem wages to his or her employees for the proper craft needed to fulfill the obligations of the subcontract. (The attached affidavit is incorporated into this subcontract.)
3. The subcontractor agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the contractor for any violations of the above-referenced Labor Code provisions, which were caused by the subcontractor’s failure to comply with said provisions.
4. The Contractor reserves the right to obtain from the subcontractor any and all payroll records pertaining to this specific project including, but not limited to, copies of cancelled payroll checks, payroll reports, employee signed time cards, and benefit records, including cancelled checks for such payments.

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1771. Except for public works projects of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or less, not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for work of a similar character in the locality in which the public work is performed, and not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for holiday and overtime work fixed as provided in this chapter, shall be paid to all workers employed on public works. This section is applicable only to work performed under contract, and is not applicable to work carried out by a public agency with its own forces. This section is applicable to contracts let for maintenance work.

1775. (a) The contractor and any subcontractor under him or her shall, as a penalty to the state or political subdivision on whose behalf the contract is made or awarded, forfeit not more than fifty dollars (\$50) for each calendar day, or portion thereof, for each worker paid less than the prevailing wage rates as determined by the director for the work or craft in which the worker is employed for any public work done under the contract by him or her or, except as provided in subdivision (b), by any subcontractor under him or her. The amount of this penalty shall be determined by the Labor Commissioner and shall be based on consideration of the mistake, inadvertence, or neglect of the contractor or subcontractor in failing to pay the correct rate of prevailing wages, or the previous record of the contractor in meeting his or her prevailing wage obligations, or the willful failure by the contractor or subcontractor to pay the correct rates of prevailing wages. A mistake, inadvertence, or neglect in failing to pay the correct rate of prevailing wages is not excusable if the contractor or subcontractor had knowledge of his or her obligations under this part. The difference between the prevailing wage rates and the amount paid to each worker for each calendar day or portion thereof for which each worker was paid less than the prevailing wage rate shall be paid to each worker by the contractor or subcontractor, and the body awarding the contract shall cause to be inserted in the contract a stipulation that this section will be complied with.

(b) If a worker employed by a subcontractor on a public works project is not paid the general prevailing per diem wages by the subcontractor, the prime contractor of the project is not liable for any penalties under subdivision (a) unless the prime contractor had knowledge of that failure of the subcontractor to pay the specified prevailing wage of rates to those workers or unless the prime contractor fails to comply with all of the following requirements:

(1) The contract executed between the contractor and the subcontractor for the performance of work on the public works project shall include a

copy of the provisions of Sections 1771, 1775, 1776, 1777.5, 1813, and 1815.

(2) The contractor shall monitor the payment of the specified general prevailing rate of per diem wages by the subcontractor to the employees, by periodic review of the certified payroll records of the subcontractor.

(3) Upon becoming aware of the failure of the subcontractor to pay his or her workers the specified prevailing rate of wages, the contractor shall diligently take corrective action to halt or rectify the failure, including, but not limited to, retaining sufficient funds due the subcontractor for work performed on the public works project.

(4) Prior to making final payment to the subcontractor for work performed on the public works project, the contractor shall obtain an affidavit signed under penalty of perjury from the subcontractor that the subcontractor has paid the specified general prevailing rate of per diem wages to his or her employees on the public work project and any amounts due pursuant to Section 1813.

(c) The Division of Labor Standards Enforcement shall notify the contractor on a public works project within 15 days of the receipt by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement of a complaint of the failure of a subcontractor on that public works project to pay workers the general prevailing rate of per diem wages. If the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement determines that employees of a subcontractor were not paid the general prevailing rate of per diem wages and if the body awarding the contract under which the employees performed work did not retain sufficient money under the contract to pay those employees the balance of wages owed under the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, the contractor shall withhold an amount of moneys due the subcontractor sufficient to pay those employees the general prevailing rate of per diem wages if requested by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement. The contractor shall pay any money retained from and owed to a subcontractor upon receipt of notification by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement that the wage complaint has been resolved. If notice of the resolution of the wage complaint has not been received by the contractor within 180 days of the filing of a valid notice of completion or acceptance of the public works project, whichever occurs later, the contractor shall pay all moneys retained from the subcontractor to the awarding body. The moneys shall be retained by the awarding body pending the final decision of an enforcement action, and be forwarded to the Labor Commissioner for disbursement pursuant to subdivision (d) if the subcontractor does not prevail

(d) in the action. Wages for workers who cannot be located after a diligent search by the Labor

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Commissioner shall be deposited in the Industrial Relations Unpaid Wage Fund pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 96.7. Penalties shall be paid into the General Fund.

If the subcontractor prevails in the enforcement action, the awarding body shall release any funds retained pursuant to this subdivision to the contractor within 10 working days from the date of the final decision of the court.

(e) To the extent that there is insufficient money due a contractor to cover all penalties and amounts due in accordance with this section or Section 1813, and in all cases where the contract does not provide for a money payment by the awarding body to the contractor, the awarding body shall notify the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement of the violation and the division, if necessary with the assistance of the awarding body, may maintain an action in any court of the competent jurisdiction to recover the penalties and the amounts due provided in this section. This action shall be commenced not later than 180 days after the filing of a valid notice of completion in the office of the county recorder in each county in which the public work or some part thereof was performed, or not later than 180 days after acceptance of the public work, whichever last occurs. No issue other than that of the liability of the contractor and subcontractor for the penalties allegedly forfeited and amounts due shall be determined in the action, and the burden shall be upon the contractor and subcontractor to establish that the penalties and amounts demanded in the action are not due. The contractor and subcontractor shall be jointly and severally liable in an enforcement action for any wages due. Following entry of a judgment for joint and several liability, the division shall first exhaust all reasonable remedies to collect the amount due from the subcontractor before pursuing the claim for wages against the contractor. From the amount collected from the subcontractor, the wage claim shall be satisfied prior to the amount being applied to penalties.

Out of any money withheld, recovered, or both, there shall first be paid the amount due each worker, and if insufficient funds are withheld, recovered, or both, to pay each worker in full, the money shall be prorated among all workers.

(f) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2003, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2003, deletes or extends that date.

1776. (a) Each contractor and subcontractor shall keep accurate payroll records, showing the name, address, social security number, work classification, straight time and overtime hours worked each day and week, and the actual per diem wages paid to each

journeyman, apprentice, worker, or other employee employed by him or her in connection with the public work. Each payroll record shall contain or be verified by a written declaration that it is made under penalty of perjury, stating both of the following:

(1) The information contained in the payroll record is true and correct.

(2) The employer has complied with the requirements of Sections 1771, 1811, and 1815 for any work performed by his or her employees on the public works project.

(b) The payroll records enumerated under subdivision (a) shall be certified and shall be available for inspection at all reasonable hours at the principal office of the contractor on the following basis:

(1) A certified copy of an employee's payroll record shall be made available for inspection or furnished to the employee or his or her authorized representative on request.

(2) A certified copy of all payroll records enumerated in subdivision (a) shall be made available for inspection or furnished upon request to a representative of the body awarding the contract, the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, and the Division of Apprenticeship Standards of the Department of Industrial Relations.

(3) A certified copy of all payroll records enumerated in subdivision (a) shall be made available upon request by the public for inspection or for copies thereof. However, a request by the public shall be made through either the body awarding the contract, the Division of Apprenticeship Standards, or the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement. If the requested payroll records have not been provided pursuant to paragraph (2), the requesting party shall, prior to being provided the records, reimburse the costs of preparation by the contractor, subcontractors, and the entity through which the request was made. The public shall not be given access to the records at the principal office of the contractor.

(c) The certified payroll records shall be on forms provided by the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement or shall contain the same information as the forms provided by the division.

(d) A contractor or subcontractor shall file a certified copy of the records enumerated in subdivision (a) with the entity that requested the records within 10 days after receipt of a written request.

(e) Any copy of records made available for inspection as copies and furnished upon request to the public or any public agency by the awarding body, the Division of Apprenticeship Standards, or the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement shall be marked or obliterated in a manner so as to prevent disclosure of an individual's name, address, and

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social security number. The name and address of the contractor awarded the contract or the subcontractor performing the contract shall not be marked or obliterated.

(f) The contractor shall inform the body awarding the contract of the location of the records enumerated under subdivision (a), including the street address, city and county, and shall, within five working days provide a notice of a change of location and address.

(g) The contractor or subcontractor shall have 10 days in which to comply subsequent to receipt of a written notice requesting the records enumerated in subdivision (a). In the event that the contractor or subcontractor fails to comply within the 10-day period, he or she shall, as a penalty to the state or political subdivision on whose behalf the contract is made or awarded, forfeit twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each calendar day, or portion thereof, for each worker, until strict compliance is effectuated. Upon the request of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards or the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, these penalties shall be withheld from progress payments then due. A contractor is not subject to a penalty assessment pursuant to this section due to the failure of a subcontractor to comply with this section.

(h) The body awarding the contract shall cause to be inserted in the contract stipulations to effectuate this section.

(i) The director shall adopt rules consistent with the California Public Records Act, (Chapter 3.5 commencing with Section 6250), Division 7, Title 1, Government Code) and the Information Practices Act of 1977, (Title 1.8 (commencing with Section 1798), Part 4, Division 3, Civil Code) governing the release of these records, including the establishment of reasonable fees to be charged for reproducing copies of records required by this section.

(j) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2003, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2003, deletes or extends that date.

1777.5 (a) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the employment of properly registered apprentices upon public works.

(b) Every apprentice employed upon public works shall be paid the prevailing rate of per diem wages for apprentices in the trade to which he or she is registered and shall be employed only at the work of the craft or trade to which he or she is registered.

(c) Only apprentices, as defined in Section 3077, who are in training under apprenticeship standards that have been approved by the Chief of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards and who are parties to written apprentice agreements under Chapter 4

(commencing with Section 3070) of Division 3 are eligible to be employed at the apprentice wage rate on public works. The employment and training of each apprentice shall be in accordance with either (1) the apprenticeship standards and apprentice agreements under which he or she is training or (2) the rules and regulations of the California Apprenticeship Council.

(d) When the contractor to whom the contract is awarded by the state or any political subdivision, in performing any of the work under the contract, employs workers in any apprenticeable craft or trade, the contractor shall employ apprentices in at least the ratio set forth in this section and may apply to any apprenticeship program in the craft or trade that can provide apprentices to the site of the public work for a certificate approving the contractor under the apprenticeship standards for the employment and training of apprentices in the area or industry affected. However, the decision of the apprenticeship program to approve or deny a certificate shall be subject to review by the Administrator of Apprenticeship. The apprenticeship program or programs, upon approving the contractor, shall arrange for the dispatch of apprentices to the contractor. A contractor covered by an apprenticeship program's standards shall not be required to submit any additional application in order to include additional public works contracts under that program. "Apprenticeable craft or trade," as used in this section, means a craft or trade determined as an apprenticeable occupation in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the California Apprenticeship Council. As used in this section, "contractor" includes any subcontractor under a contractor who performs any public works not excluded by subdivision (o).

(e) Prior to commencing work on a contract for public works, every contractor shall submit contract award information to an applicable apprenticeship program that can supply apprentices to the site of the public work. The information submitted shall include an estimate of journeyman hours to be performed under the contract, the number of apprentices proposed to be employed, and the approximate dates the apprentices would be employed. A copy of this information shall also be submitted to the awarding body if requested by the awarding body. Within 60 days after concluding work on the contract, each contractor and subcontractor shall submit to the awarding body, if requested, and to the apprenticeship program a verified statement of the journeyman and apprentice hours performed on the contract. The information under this subdivision shall be public. The apprenticeship programs shall retain this information for 12 months.

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(f) The apprenticeship program that can supply apprentices to the area of the site of the public work shall ensure equal employment and affirmative action in apprenticeship for women and minorities.

(g) The ratio of work performed by apprentices to journeymen employed in a particular craft or trade on the public work may be no higher than the ratio stipulated in the apprenticeship standards under which the apprenticeship program operates where the contractor agrees to be bound by those standards, but, except as otherwise provided in this section, in no case shall the ratio be less than one hour of apprentice work for every five hours of journeyman work.

(h) This ratio of apprentice work to journeyman work shall apply during any day or portion of a day when any journeyman is employed at the jobsite and shall be computed on the basis of the hours worked during the day by journeymen so employed. Any work performed by a journeyman in excess of eight hours per day or 40 hours per week shall not be used to calculate the ratio. The contractor shall employ apprentices for the number of hours computed as above before the end of the contract or, in the case of a subcontractor, before the end of the subcontract. However, the contractor shall endeavor, to the greatest extent possible, to employ apprentices during the same time period that the journeymen in the same craft or trade are employed at the jobsite. Where an hourly apprenticeship ratio is not feasible for a particular craft or trade, the Chief of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards, upon application of an apprenticeship program, may order a minimum ratio of not less than one apprentice for each five journeymen in a craft or trade classification.

(i) A contractor covered by this section that has agreed to be covered by an apprenticeship program's standards upon the issuance of the approval certificate, or that has been previously approved for an apprenticeship program in the craft or trade, shall employ the number of apprentices or the ratio of apprentices to journeymen stipulated in the applicable apprenticeship standards, but in no event less than the 1-to-5 ratio required by subdivision (g).

(j) Upon proper showing by a contractor that he or she employs apprentices in a particular craft or trade in the state on all of his or her contracts on an annual average of not less than one hour of apprentice work for every five hours of labor performed by journeymen, the Chief of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards may grant a certificate exempting the contractor from the 1-to-5 hourly ratio, as set forth in this section for that craft or trade.

(k) An apprenticeship program has the discretion to grant to a participating contractor or contractor association a certificate, which shall be subject to the approval of the Administrator of Apprenticeship,

exempting the contractor from the 1-to-5 ratio set forth in this section when it finds that any one of the following conditions is met: (1) Unemployment for the previous three-month period in the area exceeds an average of 15 percent. (2) The number of apprentices in training in the area exceeds a ratio of 1 to 5. (3) There is a showing that the apprenticeable craft or trade is replacing at least one-thirtieth of its journeymen annually through apprenticeship training, either on a statewide basis or on a local basis. (4) Assignment of an apprentice to any work performed under a public works contract would create a condition that would jeopardize his or her life or the life, safety, or property of fellow employees or the public at large, or the specific task to which the apprentice is to be assigned is of a nature that training cannot be provided by a journeyman.

(l) When an exemption is granted pursuant to subdivision (k) to an organization that represents contractors in a specific trade from the 1-to-5 ratio on a local or statewide basis, the member contractors will not be required to submit individual applications for approval to local joint apprenticeship committees, if they are already covered by the local apprenticeship standards.

(m) (1) A contractor to whom a contract is awarded, who, in performing any of the work under the contract, employs journeymen or apprentices in any apprenticeable craft or trade shall contribute to the California Apprenticeship Council the same amount that the director determines is the prevailing amount of apprenticeship training contributions in the area of the public works site. A contractor may take as a credit for payments to the council any amounts paid by the contractor to an approved apprenticeship program that can supply apprentices to the site of the public works project. The contractor may add the amount of the contributions in computing his or her bid for the contract. (2) At the conclusion of each fiscal year, the California Apprenticeship Council shall distribute training contributions received by the council under this subdivision, less the expenses of the Division of Apprenticeship Standards for administering this subdivision, by making grants to approved apprenticeship programs for the purpose of training apprentices. The funds shall be distributed as follows: (A) If there is an approved multiemployer apprenticeship program serving the same craft or trade and geographic area for which the training contributions were made to the council, a grant to that program shall be made. (B) If there are two or more approved multiemployer apprenticeship programs serving the same craft or trade and geographic area for which the training contributions were made to the council, the grant shall be divided among those programs based on the number of apprentices registered in each program. (C) All

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training contributions not distributed under subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall be used to defray the future expenses of administering this subdivision. (3) All training contributions received pursuant to this subdivision shall be deposited in the Apprenticeship Training Contribution Fund, which fund is hereby created in the State Treasury. Notwithstanding Section 13340 of the Government Code, all money in the Apprenticeship Training Contribution Fund is hereby continuously appropriated for the purpose of carrying out this subdivision and to pay the expenses of the division in administering this subdivision.

(n) The body awarding the contract shall cause to be inserted in the contract stipulations to effectuate this section. The stipulations shall fix the responsibility of compliance with this section for all apprenticeable occupations with the prime contractor.

(o) This section does not apply to contracts of general contractors or to contracts of specialty contractors not bidding for work through a general or prime contractor when the contracts of general contractors or those specialty contractors involve less than thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).

(p) All decisions of an apprenticeship program under this section are subject to Section 3081.

1813. The contractor shall, as a penalty to the state or political subdivision on whose behalf the contract is made or awarded, forfeit twenty-five dollars (\$25) for each workman employed in the execution of the contract by the contractor or by any subcontractor for each calendar day during which the workman is required or permitted to work more than 8 hours in any one calendar day and 40 hours in any one calendar week in violation of the provisions of this article. In awarding any contract for public work, the awarding body shall cause to be inserted therein a stipulation to this effect. The awarding body shall take cognizance of all violations of this article committed in the course of the execution of the contract, and shall report them to the officer of the state or political subdivision who is authorized to pay the contractor money due him or her under the contract. This section shall become operative January 1, 2003.

1815. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 1810 to 1814, inclusive, of this code, and notwithstanding any stipulation inserted in any contract pursuant to the requirements of said sections, work performed by employees of contractors in excess of 8 hours per day, and 40 hours during any one week, shall be permitted upon public work upon compensation for all hours worked in excess of 8 hours per day at not less than 1½ times the basic rate of pay.

**AFFIDAVIT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CALIFORNIA PREVAILING  
WAGE LAW, CALIFORNIA LABOR CODES SECTIONS 1720-1815**

The undersigned, being duly sworn, state as follows:

1. I am \_\_\_\_\_ [print name], the \_\_\_\_\_  
[print position held] of \_\_\_\_\_ (“Subcontractor”), a  
subcontractor to \_\_\_\_\_ (“Contractor”) on the job  
of the \_\_\_\_\_, [project name and address]  
 (“Project”). I am familiar with the payroll practices of Subcontractor on the project. One  
of my duties and responsibilities is to ensure that Subcontractor complies with the  
California Prevailing Wage Law, California labor Code sections 1720 through 1815 on  
the Project. I make this sworn statement pursuant to California Labor Code sections  
1775, subdivision (b)(4), and 1777.7, subdivision (d) (4).
2. I have reviewed the payroll practices and the payroll records for Subcontractor on the  
Project. Subcontractor has paid the specified prevailing rate of wages to each of its  
employees on the Project as required by Prevailing Wage law, and has paid any amounts  
due such employees under California Labor Code section 1813. Subcontractor has  
employed the required number of apprentices on the Project.
3. I have also reviewed the payroll practices of each of the Subcontractor’s lower-tier  
subcontractors on the Project. Each of Subcontractor’s lower-tiered subcontractors has  
paid the specified prevailing rate of wages to its employees, has paid any amount due  
such employees under California Labor Code sections 1775, subdivision (b)(4), and  
1777.7, subdivision (d)(4).
4. I understand that Contractor is relying upon the truth of the contents of this sworn  
statement in making final payment to Subcontractor for work performed on the Project,  
and may suffer damages if my sworn representations were not true.  
I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the  
foregoing is true and correct, and that this affidavit was executed on  
\_\_\_\_\_ [date] in \_\_\_\_\_ [location], California

\_\_\_\_\_  
[Name]

**\*\*FORM MUST BE NOTARIZED USING A JURAT WITH AFFIANT STATEMENT\*\***

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## VERIFICATION OF APPRENTICE AND JOURNEYMAN HOURS

To: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

This statement is submitted in accordance with California Labor Code section 1777.5(e)

I, \_\_\_\_\_, the undersigned, am the \_\_\_\_\_  
(Print Name) (Position in Business/Title)

of \_\_\_\_\_, which worked as a contractor/subcontractor on the  
(Company Name)

\_\_\_\_\_, on this contract, for the craft of  
(Name of Project)

\_\_\_\_\_, the total number of journeyman hours worked  
(Apprentice able Craft)

was \_\_\_\_\_ - and the total number of apprenticeship hours was \_\_\_\_\_.

Check here  if no apprentices were dispatched by the applicable apprenticeship committee.

I declare under the penalty of perjury that the foregoing is correct.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

*This form is provided for informational purposes only. Employers should consult with their own legal counsel before using or adapting any personnel form.*